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The City of Richmond has partnered with Vancouver Coastal Health-Richmond and Richmond School District No. 38 to develop a Community Wellness Strategy for Richmond (2018 -2023). The purpose of this five year strategy is to identify innovative and collaborative approaches to most effectively impact wellness outcomes for Richmond residents, increase the awareness of the benefits of active community engagement and healthy lifestyles for residents in all Richmond neighbourhoods. This strategy also demonstrates leadership in prioritizing wellness as a contributor to a vibrant, appealing and livable community.

Richmond residents are generally healthy; data from the My Health My Community survey indicates that Richmond residents live longer, feel less stressed, have healthier weights, less chronic disease, smoke less and drink less than other comparison communities in BC. However, there are areas for improvement, which include active living, mental and physical wellness, and a sense of belonging. According to the My Health My Community survey, Richmond ranks lower compared to other BC municipalities for three specific lifestyle practices that are strongly linked to health and wellness, these include physical activity, healthy eating (particularly fruit and vegetable intake) and social connectedness.

Wellness practices are highly influenced by an individual's knowledge of active and healthy lifestyles and mental wellness strategies and the ability to afford or access healthier options. Supportive social and physical environments can improve people’s personal health practices and feelings of well-being. Wellness practices that start early in life are more likely to continue into adulthood. Many aspects of one’s community and neighbourhood, such as community programs and services, employment opportunities, transit, school policy and location, parks and recreation opportunities, proximity to family and friends and personal time all affect people’s ability to establish healthy and active lifestyles, build resilient neighbourhoods and engage in their communities.
Strategy Development Process
The Richmond Community Wellness Strategy 2018-2023 was developed through an iterative and multi-phased process involving many members of the general public, stakeholders, staff from all partner organizations and a strategic advisory committee.

Strategic Framework for Community Wellness
The development of the Strategic Framework, which includes the vision, principles and focus areas, was guided by:

- The Community Profile, which highlighted Richmond’s changing demographics and indicators of where Richmond is doing well and where there are areas for improvement
- The definition of wellness that was informed by and resonated with stakeholders
- The community’s feedback highlighting the themes of physical activity, healthy eating, mental wellness and social connectedness as key aspects of wellness
- The recognition that the importance of awareness, opportunity, access and supportive environments should be reflected in the Action Plan
- Wellness trends and evidence from the field identified in the Jurisdictional Scan

Community Wellness Strategy Vision and Principles
The Community Wellness Strategy Vision and Principles were developed following an extensive community engagement process and have been approved by Richmond City Council.

Vision
Richmond…active, caring, connected, healthy and thriving

Principles
- Engage in collective action
- Embrace a strength-based approach
- Monitor and evaluate to ensure accountability
- Be financially, socially and environmentally sustainable
- Be inclusive, equitable, respectful and celebrate diversity
- Synergize with existing plans, strategies and organizations
Community Wellness Strategy Focus Areas and Actions

Five priority focus areas for action were also identified through the community engagement process and endorsed by Richmond City Council. The focus areas provide a clear set of high level goals for the Community Wellness Strategy 2018-2023. Objectives and action items have been developed for each of the focus areas.

The full action plan identifies twenty-three comprehensive initiatives for implementation over the next five years. A sample of the action plans is listed in this executive summary. To view the detailed list of actions, please refer to Section 7.0 of this strategy.

Focus Area #1: Foster healthy, active and involved lifestyles for all Richmond residents with an emphasis on physical activity, healthy eating and mental wellness.

Objective #1

Increase the number of Richmond residents across all ages involved in physical activity and active, healthy lifestyles.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Action/Program/Initiative</th>
<th>Time-frame</th>
<th>Partner Lead</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Develop and implement a healthy active living campaign to increase awareness, understanding and participation in physical activity, healthy eating, and mental wellness opportunities and benefits.</td>
<td>Develop 2018-2019 Implement 2019-2023</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Implement initiatives to keep Richmond residents active through enhancing walking and cycling programs city-wide and at a neighbourhood level.</td>
<td>2019-2023</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 1:</strong> Expand the scope of ‘Move for Health Week’ by including initiatives of the three partners (VCH-Richmond, SD38 and CoR), while also incorporating a focus on cycling.</td>
<td>2019-2020</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 2:</strong> Increase neighbourhood level participation in the Walk Richmond program.</td>
<td>2020-2021</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Objective #2

Increase the number of Richmond residents across all ages making healthy food choices.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Action/Program/Initiative</th>
<th>Time-frame</th>
<th>Partner Lead</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Implement a Healthy Eating Strategy that increases access to healthy and safe foods at a neighbourhood level and builds upon and aligns with the Richmond Food Charter and the Regional Food System Action Plan(^1). This includes coordinating and enhancing healthy eating opportunities in schools, public buildings, and where gaps have been identified at a neighbourhood level. <strong>Priority Action 1</strong>: Include healthy and, where possible, local food at concession stands, in vending machines and cafes in public facilities and schools. <strong>Priority Action 2</strong>: Expand community gardens in neighbourhoods across Richmond, to encourage social interaction, physical activity and access to fresh affordable vegetables and fruits for residents.</td>
<td>Ongoing to 2023</td>
<td>VCH-Richmond</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Links to: Richmond Food Charter: [https://www.richmond.ca/__shared/assets/_7_RichmondFoodCharter44751.pdf](https://www.richmond.ca/__shared/assets/_7_RichmondFoodCharter44751.pdf)


2 [https://www.healthlinkbc.ca/healthy-eating/schools-and-communities](https://www.healthlinkbc.ca/healthy-eating/schools-and-communities)

### Objective #3

Increase the number of individuals across all ages reporting a positive state of mental wellness.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Action/Program/Initiative</th>
<th>Time-frame</th>
<th>Partner Lead</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Implement initiatives to increase access to mental wellness resources for residents. <strong>Priority Action 1</strong>: Enhance activities of the three partners to promote Mental Health Week. <strong>Priority Action 2</strong>: Implement an initiative to support residents’ mental wellness through a ‘Go-To’ Mental Wellness Referral program. This initiative would involve enhancing the capacity of front line staff at City, public health and school facilities, so they would have the ability to connect individuals with the appropriate resources in Richmond.</td>
<td>2019-2023</td>
<td>SD 38</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Links to: Richmond Food Charter: [https://www.richmond.ca/__shared/assets/_7_RichmondFoodCharter44751.pdf](https://www.richmond.ca/__shared/assets/_7_RichmondFoodCharter44751.pdf)


2 [https://www.healthlinkbc.ca/healthy-eating/schools-and-communities](https://www.healthlinkbc.ca/healthy-eating/schools-and-communities)
Focus Area #2: Enhance physical and social connectedness within and among neighbourhoods and communities.

Objective #1

Provide opportunities to increase Richmond residents’ sense of belonging to their neighbourhoods.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Action/Program/Initiative</th>
<th>Time-frame</th>
<th>Partner Lead</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Develop and implement a Neighbourhood Strategy with a focus on programs, services and initiatives, as well as built and natural environment elements that enhance social connectedness within and among neighbourhoods.</td>
<td>Develop 2019-2021 Implement 2021-2023</td>
<td>CoR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 1:</strong> Implement the ‘Resilient Streets Program’ which aims to increase neighbour-to-neighbour connections, starting with the East and West Cambie Neighbourhoods. Learnings from this program will inform the Neighbourhood Strategy.</td>
<td>2018-2019</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Focus Area #3: Enhance equitable access to amenities, services and programs within and among neighbourhoods.

Objective #1

Align availability and access of programs and services to meet the needs of Richmond residents by addressing inequities at a neighbourhood level, e.g., geographical, cost of programs and transportation, timing, cultural relevance and language needs or facilitating outreach opportunities.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Action/Program/Initiative</th>
<th>Time-frame</th>
<th>Partner Lead</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Adopt an equity lens framework and assess what and where the inequities are at a neighbourhood level.</td>
<td>2018-2020</td>
<td>VCH-Richmond</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Create wayfinding tools which help residents and service providers to make the best use of amenities, services, programs, natural and built environment opportunities that the neighbourhood offers. <strong>Priority Action 1:</strong> Create a visually appealing map illustrating City parks, recreation and arts amenities.</td>
<td>2019-2022</td>
<td>VCH-Richmond / CoR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2019-2020</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Focus Area #4: Facilitate supportive, safe and healthy natural and built environments.

Objective #1

Identify and implement healthy natural and built environments to improve the wellness of Richmond residents.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Action/Program/Initiative</th>
<th>Time-frame</th>
<th>Partner Lead</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1. Improve connectivity by developing walkable routes in neighbourhoods that are accessible to all. Walkable routes could be further enhanced by:  
  - Providing access to benches, washrooms and playgrounds, shade and gathering places  
  - Providing interactive and interpretive amenities  
  - Implementing a wayfinding and signage plan for walkable routes within neighbourhoods | Ongoing to 2023 | CoR |
| 2. Continue to improve cycling networks across the City by:  
  - Expanding the bike route network  
  - Expanding secured bike parking at City, health and school facilities  
  - Increasing access to bicycles and bicycle helmets to those facing barriers  
  - Addressing barriers to using available bike routes | Ongoing to 2023 | CoR |

Focus Area #5: Promote wellness literacy for residents across all ages and stages of their lives.

Objective #1

Strengthen awareness and understanding of wellness including benefits and opportunities for improving wellness.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Action/Program/Initiative</th>
<th>Time-frame</th>
<th>Partner Lead</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1. Develop and implement a wellness literacy campaign as a key component of the healthy active living campaign.  
  **Priority Action 1:** Develop and disseminate brief and easy to understand wellness messages in promotional materials.  
  **Priority Action 2:** Host a wellness literacy fair for staff from the three partner organizations.  
  **Priority Action 3:** Provide educational workshops on wellness led by experts or high profile community members. | Develop 2018-2019  
Implement 2019-2023  
2019-2020  
2019-2020  
2020-2021 | All partners to contribute equally to this focus area |

3 Wellness Literacy is “the capacity to obtain, process, and understand basic health/wellness information and services needed to make appropriate health/wellness decisions.”
Richmond Community Wellness Strategy – Purpose, Partnership and Process

1.1 Purpose of the Strategy

The first Richmond Community Wellness Strategy 2010-2015 was developed by the City of Richmond in partnership with Vancouver Coastal Health-Richmond and Richmond School District No. 38 and was endorsed by Richmond City Council in February 2010. In 2015, the partners reviewed the impact of their work and renewed their commitment to work together to develop an updated Community Wellness Strategy for Richmond (2018-2023). The purpose of this five year strategy is to take a collaborative and holistic approach to improve wellness for Richmond residents and increase opportunities as well as support for active and healthy lifestyles throughout the city.

Building on the learnings from the earlier strategy, the aims of this strategy are to:

- Define community wellness more broadly, including mental health and social connectedness along with physical activity and healthy eating
- Clearly identify collective actions that span the mandate of all three partners
- Define actions more specifically with designated responsibilities
- Embed outcomes into the strategy that can be measured with consistency by the three partners
- Enhance awareness of the strategy to facilitate its use across organizations

Overall the intent is for the Strategy to be aspirational, pragmatic and action-oriented and aligned with other related Richmond policies and strategies.
1.2 The Partnership - Working Together

The City of Richmond, Vancouver Coastal Health – Richmond and Richmond School District No. 38

The 2018-2023 Richmond Community Wellness Strategy is a renewed commitment of the three partners - the City of Richmond, Vancouver Coastal Health-Richmond and Richmond School District No. 38 to work collectively to improve wellness. The three partners established a Strategic Advisory Committee with representatives from each of their organizations to guide the process and are committed to working together to implement the new strategy and monitor results on a regular basis. The three partners recognize that a shared vision and collective efforts to achieve common goals will amplify the impacts to individual and community wellness.

1.3 Building the Strategy

The Richmond Community Wellness Strategy 2018-2023 was developed through an iterative multi-phased process.

Multi-phased Strategy Development Process

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CONTEXT</th>
<th>ENGAGEMENT</th>
<th>STRATEGY FRAMEWORK</th>
<th>ACTION PLAN &amp; EVALUATION</th>
<th>FINAL STRATEGY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| • Richmond Community Profile  
• Jurisdictional scan  
• Review of background documents | • Strategic Advisory Committee  
• Partners’ staff  
• Community organizations  
• Public | • Development of Vision, Principles and Focus Areas  
• Validation by Partners and Richmond City Council | • Develop Action Plan and Evaluation Framework | • Draft Richmond Community Wellness Strategy  
• Validation by community organizations, public and City Council |
A Community Profile was developed that highlights data that would be relevant to the health and well-being of Richmond residents and the community. A range of wellness strategies developed by comparable jurisdictions were reviewed to assess how wellness is defined by others, along with their vision statements, principles, goals, objectives and priority actions that contribute to wellness.

A Strategic Advisory Committee made up of subject matter experts from the three partners was formed to guide the process. Workshops with staff from each of the partner organizations as well as a wide range of community stakeholders were facilitated to gain input into the strategy’s vision and priorities. There were several opportunities for the general public, including parents, students and families, to provide feedback on what wellness means and what supports are needed to stay well.

Following each phase of the extensive consultation, results were summarized and reported back to the Strategic Advisory Committee. Multiple sessions were held, providing opportunities for the partners to review and refine the vision and principles and to reach consensus on the key focus areas for the Richmond Community Wellness Strategy. With initial validation by the partners, the vision, principles and focus areas were presented to Richmond City Council for approval.

Multiple sessions were held with the Strategic Advisory Committee along with subject matter experts from the partner organizations to identify and agree to priority actions for each focus area. An Evaluation Framework, including a logic model, was developed to outline the linkages from actions to outcomes, identify indicators and data sources, and provide a monitoring process to evaluate progress towards achievement of the desired outcomes.

The draft Community Wellness Strategy Report was prepared and presented to Richmond City Council. Final validation of the Strategy by stakeholders and the public was undertaken through an invitational forum.
1.4 Relationship to Other Richmond Plans and Strategies

The City of Richmond, Vancouver Coastal Health-Richmond and School District No. 38 have all undertaken the development of several plans and strategies. A number of these plans include actions related to the health and well-being of Richmond residents and the community as a whole. Certain aspects of wellness that are a primary focus in other plans or strategies (e.g., housing, economic factors) are not specifically included in the Richmond Community Wellness Strategy but are recognized as important. Examples of the plans and strategies of the three partner organizations that are aligned with the Community Wellness Strategy are identified in Appendix 1.
Richmond Today

The following is a summary of Richmond’s community profile and identifies factors associated with the health and well-being of Richmond citizens. Richmond’s community profile is based on currently available demographic data for the City’s population. In addition, data on economic, social, health and lifestyle indicators is also presented in this section. (See Appendix 3: Richmond Community Profile Data Sources.)
2.1 City Overview

Richmond enjoys a diversity of amenities and facilities, engaged citizens and community organizations as well as a vibrant natural setting that offers 1,950 acres of park lands, 73 kilometres of trails, and 60 kilometres of cycling paths. It is a unique 17-island city situated at the mouth of the Fraser River, providing an estuary for fish and migrating birds along shores lined by walking dikes. Agriculture is an important part of Richmond's past as well as present economy – 39% of the city's 129.17 square kilometers land base remains within the Agricultural Land Reserve. Since being designated as a City in 1990, Richmond has seen a rapid growth in population and has evolved into a vibrant, ethnically diverse municipality with a mix of residential, commercial and industrial areas, as well as parks, waterways and open spaces. Richmond is the fourth largest city in the Metro Vancouver area, representing 8.3% of the population in this region.

Global Active Cities

In recognition of Richmond’s implementation of a legacy of community benefit related to its role in the 2010 Olympic Winter Games, as well as strong policies, plans and programs related to sport and recreation, the City was invited to participate in the development of a pilot “Global Active Cities” program. The initiative has now officially launched and Richmond became a partner City of the renamed Active Well-being Initiative [http://activewellbeing.org/](http://activewellbeing.org/) in late 2017. Richmond and nine other cities around the world are leading a movement to improve the lives of their citizens through the promotion of physical activity, sport, healthy lifestyles, social connections, healthy built and natural environments and well-being for all.
2.2 Population Demographics and Social Indicators

The following population demographics and social indicators were obtained from a variety of sources, these include:

- Richmond City Planning Hot Facts (the series, 2014-2017)
- The United Way Community Profile – Richmond – December 2015
- BC Stats (2015) Socioeconomic Profiles

Growing population

Richmond’s population continues to grow with a high influx of new residents born outside of Canada. Richmond is known for its rich ethnic diversity. A majority of Richmond residents (70%) self-identify as a visible minority. This is the highest proportion of any municipality in BC and the second highest in Canada. Many languages are spoken in Richmond. In the 2014/15 school year, 27.8% of Richmond School District students were English Language Learners. Understanding the unique needs of people from different cultures who speak different languages is important for improving overall health and wellness.

Changing age distribution

Understanding the age distribution of residents and how this is changing is important to planning and delivering services that meet the needs of different stages of life. At present, the over 65 age group is growing faster than the under 15 age group in all neighbourhoods. Adults between the age of 45 and 60 comprise the largest population group.

Mobile population

Forty three per cent of Richmond residents have moved within the past five years, and half of these residents have moved within Richmond. Many people say they do not know their neighbours. Having someone to turn to in an emergency, caring relationships and support from family and friends during tough times is important to wellness. Residents’ sense of social connectedness varies by neighbourhood and is lower for both adults and youth in Richmond than in other regions – particularly for those who are new immigrants. Richmond youth are less likely than their peers in BC to always feel safe in their neighbourhood in the daytime or at night.
The current estimated population (2016) for Richmond is 218,307. This represents a 4.1% increase from 2011. Between 1991 and 2011, the population increased by 50%. Richmond’s population is projected to continue growing with an estimated population in 2041 of 280,000.

Sixty per cent of Richmond residents are born outside of Canada. Richmond residents identify with over 140 different ethnic origins. The most common is Chinese – an ethnic group representing 49% of Richmond’s population in 2011, having grown from 40% in 2001.

The eleven most common ethnic origins of Richmond residents in 2011 were:

- 40% Chinese
- 8% Filipino
- 3% French
- 8% Canadian
- 6% Irish
- 2% Japanese
- 2% Ukrainian
- 8% Scottish
- 7% East Indian
- 8% Scottish
- 11% English

Chinese is identified as the first language in 41% of homes, while 90% indicate the ability to converse in English.

Seventy-seven per cent of residents own a home. The median household income is $69,553 with 22.4% of households classified as low income. Close to one fifth (19.4%) of residents spend more than 30% of income on shelter while 8.7% spend more than 50% of income on shelter.

Average family size is three with 84% married or common-law couples and 16% lone-parent families.

In 2011, Richmond’s population aged 25-64 reported on their highest level of education completed by the following National Household Survey categories:
Graduation Rate

Richmond School District No. 38’s graduation rate is 94% over the past five years which is among the highest in the province. Student enrollment is approximately 21,000. The six year completion rates (the proportion of students who graduate, with a BC Certificate of Graduation or BC Adult Graduation Diploma, within six years from the first time they enrol in Grade 8) exceed the provincial rates overall (88.6% for Richmond compared to 83.6% for BC).

2.3 Health and Wellness Indicators

The following section provides data from the My Health My Community online survey taken by Richmond residents in 2013 and 2014, as well as the Human Early Learning Partnership which provides health and wellness data on children and youth that was collected between 2013 and 2016.

My Health My Community is an online health and wellness survey that gives residents in various Metro Vancouver municipalities the opportunity to provide information about their health, lifestyle choices, community involvement and neighbourhood characteristics. Overall the health status and needs of residents are collected in order to effectively plan and deliver programs, services and policies. The My Health My Community survey is conducted approximately every five years and is a non-profit partnership initiative between Vancouver Coastal Health, Fraser Health and the University of British Columbia.

In addition, the information in this section is also derived from the Human Early Learning Partnership, which is a research network based at the University of British Columbia and explores how early environments and experiences contribute to children’s development. Working with School District No. 38, data was collected on Richmond children and youth using the following tools:

- EDI (Early Years Development Instrument), which is a questionnaire that has been used across BC to gather data about children’s development at age five. This data provides insights into children’s health during their early years.
- MDI (Middle Years Development Instrument), is a self-report questionnaire that asks children in Grade 4 and Grade 7 about their thoughts, feelings and experiences in school and in the community.
- McCreary Centre Society - BC Adolescent Health Survey is a questionnaire used to gather data about youth in Grades 7 through to Grade 12. This tool gathers information about adolescent’s physical and emotional health.
According to data from the My Health My Community survey, Richmond residents are generally healthy, live longer, feel less stressed, have healthier weights, less chronic disease, smoke less and drink less than other comparison communities in BC. However, there are areas for improvement, which include active living, mental and physical wellness, and a sense of belonging. According to the My Health My Community survey, Richmond ranks lower compared to other BC municipalities for three lifestyle practices that are strongly linked to health and wellness. These include physical activity, healthy eating (particularly fruit and vegetable intake) and social connectedness.

Physical Activity

- According to the My Health My Community survey and data from the Human Early Learning Partnership, Richmond ranks the lowest in Metro Vancouver in terms of meeting the established physical activity guidelines with 42% of children, 38% of youth and 37% of adults meeting the target.
- A greater percentage of 18-24 year olds and those 65+ meet the recommended physical activity guidelines compared to 25-39 year olds and 40-64+ year olds. There is also a drop in physical activity rates (participating in 30 minutes of vigorous daily physical activity) from Grade 3 to 7 – 44% to 33%.
- In terms of commute mode to work or school, 64% of residents commute by car, 22% by transit and 10% walk or cycle.
- When compared to other Metro Vancouver municipalities, Richmond has one of the lowest municipal obesity rates, approximately 17% of adults are obese and 50% are overweight.

Obesity (Body Mass Index $\geq$30.0)

- AGE
  - 18 - 39: 13%
  - 40 - 64: 19%
  - 65+: 19%

- GENDER
  - Female: 15%
  - Male: 20%

Across Metro Vancouver

- Obesity was lowest among university graduates compared to all other educational levels.
- Compared to the Metro Vancouver average of all ethnicities, obesity was 60% lower among Chinese and 55% higher among Aboriginal people.

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5 Canadian 24 hour movement guidelines recommend 60 minutes energetic play for preschoolers and 60 minutes of moderate to vigorous activity for children and youth (5 to 17 years). Canadian physical activity guidelines for Adults and Older adults (65+) recommend a minimum of 150 minutes/week of moderate to vigorous activity.
Healthy Eating

- As indicated by the My Health My Community survey and data from the Human Early Learning Partnership, fruit and vegetable intake is low when compared to other Metro Vancouver municipalities, in Richmond 50% of children, 40% of youth and 21% of adults meet the 5 or more servings/day target.

Mental Health

- In addition, according to the My Health My Community survey and data from the Human Early Learning Partnership, 52% of Richmond residents self-rated their mental health as good or excellent, this is in comparison to 57% in Metro Vancouver. Mental health concerns are reported more by adolescent females. Most youth report feeling some stress (84%) or despair (59%). Feelings of stress are age related and highest in residents 18-39 years old.

Social Connectedness

- Just over half (51%) of Richmond residents feel a strong sense of community belonging and social connectedness. This varies across Richmond neighbourhoods and is lower for new residents. According to the Human Early Learning Partnership, 42% of youth feel connected to their community.
- Less than half (41%) of residents reported having four or more people to confide in or turn to for help, which is a measure of community resilience and connectedness.
Child and Youth Development

The information in this section is also derived from the Human Early Learning Partnership, specifically from the EDI (Early Years Development Instrument), MDI [Middle Years Development Instrument] and the McCreary Centre Society - BC Adolescent Health Survey.

Specific measures of school readiness (EDI, early years 0-5) and social and emotional development during critical years (MDI, Grades 4 and 7)\(^6\) consistently show that approximately a third of Richmond children thrive, a third are doing moderately well but a third are not on a track for success. Approximately, 35% of Richmond children entering kindergarten experienced vulnerabilities on at least one area of critical development required for school readiness. These measures are very predictive of future success and well-being. The data show meaningful and persistent variation between neighbourhoods that provide opportunity for improvement.

In terms of middle years development, 31% of Grade 4 students and 34% Grade 7 students rank low on the MDI Well-Being Index (physical health, social and emotional development); Richmond students rank similar to the provincial average on the MDI Assets Index. Specific areas to focus on are adult relationships, nutrition and sleep.

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\(^6\) Data taken from Human Early Learning Partnership – EDI (2013) and MDI Grades 4 and 6 (2016) and McCreary Society – BC Adolescent Health Survey (2013-2016)
As indicated by the McCreary Centre Society - BC Adolescent Health Survey, most Richmond youth (Grades 7-12) report good physical and mental health; feel connected to their family, school and community; have positive plans for the future and are engaging in health promoting behaviours which will assist them to transition successfully to adulthood.

- Richmond students are twice as likely as their peers across BC to speak a language other than English at home.
- Richmond youth were less likely than their peers across the province to always feel safe in their neighbourhood in the daytime (60% vs 64%) or at night (22% vs 28%). A sense of safety is associated with positive mental health among vulnerable youth and youth who had immigrated to Canada.
- Areas such as connectedness, stress/anxiety, sleep and nutrition have room for improvement.

2.4 Built and Natural Environments Indicators

Physical components of a built environment include neighbourhood design, transportation networks, natural environment, healthy food systems and housing. Community design influences community connectedness, mental and physical health, and chronic disease outcomes by promoting healthy behaviours such as walking or cycling.

- According to the My Health My Community survey, Richmond residents feel their sidewalks are maintained (76%) and they have amenities within walking or cycling distance (69%).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WELL MAINTAINED SIDEWALKS IN NEIGHBOURHOOD</th>
<th>AMENITIES WITHIN WALKING OR CYCLING DISTANCE</th>
<th>EXPOSED TO SECOND HAND SMOKE IN PUBLIC PLACES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image1.png" alt="76% Agree" /> Metro Vancouver</td>
<td><img src="image2.png" alt="69% Agree" /> Metro Vancouver</td>
<td><img src="image3.png" alt="26% Agree" /> Metro Vancouver</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

76% Metro Vancouver
70% Metro Vancouver
27% Metro Vancouver
• The majority, 64% of residents, commute to work by car compared to the regional average of 55%, although the majority of people who live in Richmond, work in Richmond or nearby in Vancouver. Walking or cycling for commuting is reported by only 10% of the population and for errands by 12%.

In the My Health My Community survey, data indicates that people living in neighbourhoods with fewer healthy food outlets and a higher density of less healthy food outlets report lower intakes of fruits and vegetables and higher intakes of sugary beverages and snacks.
What We Heard Through Community Engagement

Over 1,000 residents and stakeholders were engaged in identifying priorities for enhancing wellness in Richmond. They told us what wellness means to them, what is working well in Richmond, and what changes could make a difference. Engagement took place in 2017 (January to May) through workshops, interviews, focus groups, open houses and on-line surveys.\(^7\)

\(^7\) A detailed outline of the community engagement process and feedback is available in Appendix 4.
3.1 Who We Heard From

3.2 Stakeholder Feedback: What is Working Well in Richmond

Stakeholders identified a wide range of activities, services and amenities available to residents to support health and wellness including:

- recreation
- sports
- arts
- culture
- physical and social activities
- health services
- education

The Richmond Public Library was seen by all as a key connector and a source of information and education.

Overall stakeholders were extremely positive about the services and amenities available in Richmond.

“Richmond is doing a phenomenal job - great amenities, facilities, parks, dike, trails and many programs and events.”

8 See Appendix 2 for detailed list of: Who We Heard From
3.3 Key Priorities to Enhance Wellness

Stakeholders were asked to identify key priority areas that are important to enhancing wellness. A great deal of consensus on priorities was evident and a number of consistent themes emerged from the collective input of all the stakeholders. The common themes are identified below.

**Health and Lifestyle**
Importance was placed on increased opportunities to enhance physical activity, healthy eating and mental wellness.

**Access to Programs & Services**
Participation in programs and services is seen to improve wellness. Importance was placed on ensuring that programs and services are affordable, and that other barriers to participation are addressed, e.g., providing more opportunities in a variety of languages.

**Awareness and Education**
Enhanced understanding and benefits of wellness is important and will help lead to behaviour change.

**Places and Spaces**
A focus on the built and natural environment and developing safe and healthy indoor and outdoor places. Outdoor spaces for gathering and connecting are seen as critical supports to wellness.

**Connectedness**
Social and cultural connectedness are important contributors to wellness.

**A Sense of Neighbourhood**
Enhancing neighbourhood connectedness is seen as contributing to wellness.

**Economic Factors**
It is recognized that wellness is impacted by economic factors such as the need for adequate income, food security and affordable housing.

**Focus on policy**
There is a need to incorporate a wellness lens into all policy, planning and program design (e.g., including planning for the built environment).

**Intercultural Harmony**
Ensuring culturally sensitive programs, services and environments and enhancing cultural harmony is seen as critical to enhancing wellness.

**Partnerships**
Developing partnerships with a wide range of community groups and, in particular, the business sector will help implement desired programs and services.
Public engagement focused on understanding:
• What are the important aspects of wellness to you?
• What would help increase wellbeing?
• What does community and neighbourhood support and connectedness look like?

What wellness means to Richmond residents:
• Balance of physical, mental and spiritual wellness
• Harmony, bonding, good relationships, spending time together
• Accepting of everyone, openness, supportive, caring, inclusion, belonging, feeling safe, healthy environment, gathering places, opportunities to volunteer
• Economic and financial stability

Sampling of Richmond students:
✓ As an individual, it means being active, healthy, connected/included, having a positive mindset and having money and a good job
✓ As a family, it means sharing and caring, good communication and doing things together as a family
✓ As a community, it means having a clean environment, green space, feeling safe, volunteering, affordable housing and transportation

3.4 What Richmond Residents Said

Supports needed to increase wellness:
• Built and natural environment - supportive, safe and healthy environments

"Increase amenities within walking distance, healthy grocery stores, health care services, community programs."

• Program opportunities – greater choice for adults and after school options for children; flexible scheduling; unstructured opportunities

• Services – meeting the needs of the community including special needs populations e.g., people with disabilities, seniors, isolated and hard to reach groups

• Mental Health – having more information about what positive mental health means; services and support

• Access – having programs and amenities closer to home; low cost and drop in activities; physical activity and healthy eating support in schools

"Lower cost and free programs and opportunities to try different activities would be helpful."
• **Supportive neighbourhoods** – better sidewalks, transportation and natural spaces; open places and spaces to gather and play; greater connection between schools and community

• **Education** – easy to understand information on the benefits of wellness and opportunities available to enhance wellness

*While many respondents indicated that they took part in some physical activity and looked for ways to incorporate healthy eating into their lifestyle, many also indicated the need for additional supports and incentives to increase their awareness of and opportunities to engage in activities contributing to wellness.*

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**Supports needed to increase neighbourhood connectedness:**

- **Opportunities** - offer a wide range of options that are fun and match neighbourhood interests; facilitate ongoing activities at a neighbourhood level and not only “one-off” events or festivals

- **Connectors** - focus on food and children as connectors; neighbourhood organizers and facilitators to support neighbourhood capacity-building; incentives to connect with others; focus on strategies to bring diverse cultural groups together to talk and get to know each other - “building relationships will help lead to solutions”

- **Places and spaces** – more green spaces and places to gather; age friendly playgrounds and parks, good equipment
Many respondents indicated that they did not know their neighbours. Many neighbourhoods are in flux with people moving in and out, renters, empty houses, and a sense of transiency. Cultural and language differences make connections difficult even with people living in town house complexes, apartments or condos.

Many suggestions were given to increase connectedness in neighbourhoods and a sense of belonging: social gatherings such as barbecues or block parties; regular ongoing fun events such as walking days, clean-up days, bottle drives; cultural activities and recreation and sports at a neighbourhood level; green space to gather, talk and build relationships; and organizers or facilitators to work with residents to build a sense of belonging in the neighbourhood.

“Need more opportunities to mingle with people from various backgrounds in my neighbourhood.”

“Small neighbourhood gatherings are where you really get to know people.”
What We Learned From Other Jurisdictions

To inform the development of the Community Wellness Strategy, a jurisdictional scan was undertaken. The scan included examples and learnings from community wellness strategies and other relevant initiatives in BC as well as other jurisdictions nationally and internationally. A detailed Jurisdictional Scan is submitted under separate cover. Key learnings are identified below.

Wellness is defined broadly as taking a holistic perspective including a wide range of dimensions such as social, physical, emotional, occupational, intellectual, environmental, and spiritual.

Guiding Principles emphasize respect, inclusiveness, equity, participation and engagement, evidence-based and collaboration.

Strategic goals and outcomes to focus on:
- Improved physical activity, healthy eating and mental health
- Strong sense of belonging and social connectedness with one’s family, school, neighbourhood and community

Recurrent themes include:
- Decreasing barriers to access, amenities, services and programs
- Enhancing supportive and healthy built and natural environments
- Increasing awareness, promotion and education
- Creating resilient neighbourhoods

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9 Jurisdictional Scan for Richmond Community Wellness Strategy, May 2017
10 Building Resilient Neighbourhoods, Four Years of Learnings 2012-2016 Written by Bob Wipon, Stacy Barter and Michelle Colussi, January, 2017
Implementation practices from other jurisdictions identify the need for strong partnerships with continued collaborative and collective actions to advance community wellness and develop a culture of wellness for the long term. A strong "backbone" organization (dedicated structure to provide leadership), research and data, funding, knowledge transfer, recognition and sustainability will support the focus on the achievement of the vision and long term goals.

Many jurisdictions adopted a neighbourhood strategy in their implementation, recognizing the relationship between neighbourhood resiliency and individual and community wellness. Focusing at the neighbourhood level can increase opportunities and access, strengthen relationships, contribute to cultural harmony and build capacity to achieve wellness.

Universal and targeted approaches are needed to respond to the needs of hard-to-reach or marginalized groups. Approaches to reducing barriers to access to amenities, services, and programs should consider addressing issues such as proximity and transportation, cultural and language differences, financial barriers and access for seniors, isolated individuals and those with a physical disability and/or mental health challenge.

Awareness, education and communication are all themes identified in other jurisdictions addressing wellness. Learnings suggest that consistent messages, using a variety of communication methods to reach different target audiences and a common branding by all partners under a continuous long term campaign will help to enhance understanding, momentum and sustainability.
5.1 What Needs to be Considered

Personal health practices such as what we eat, how much we drink, how physically active we are, whether we smoke and how much sleep we get are all factors that impact our physical and mental health and sense of well-being. Health practices are highly influenced by our knowledge about active healthy lifestyles and mental wellness strategies and our ability to afford or access healthier options. Supportive social and physical environments can improve everyone’s personal health practices and feelings of well-being. Health practices that start early in life are more likely to continue into adulthood. Many aspects of the community and neighbourhood you live in, community programs and services, employment opportunities, transit, school policy and location, parks and recreation, how close family and friends are, the time you have and more affect people’s ability to establish healthy active lifestyles, build resilient neighbourhoods and engage in their communities.
A synthesis of data from the community profile, community engagement and jurisdictional scan confirmed the key aspects of wellness to focus on for the next 5 years include:

- Physical activity
- Healthy eating
- Mental health
- Social connectedness

Richmond offers many opportunities to enhance and support wellness. To further support individual and community wellness, community engagement and feedback and learnings from other jurisdictions highlighted a number of areas to focus efforts on:

- Awareness/education/communication
- Equitable access to programs and services
- Supportive built and natural environments
- Neighbourhood focus - would help build resilience and connectedness at the neighbourhood level in Richmond.

Evidence also highlights the need for strong partnerships working in a collaborative manner to achieve collective impact. The factors associated with successful collective impact are seen to be: a common agenda; shared measurement of progress; mutually reinforcing activities; continuous communications and having a backbone structure to move the work forward.

The collaborative partnership of the City of Richmond, Vancouver Coastal Health-Richmond and Richmond School District No. 38, working together with community stakeholders and focusing energy on a common strategy and set of actions with identified progress measures has great potential to advance wellness in Richmond.
5.2 What Wellness Means to Richmond

Through the consultation process, it became evident that Richmond residents support a holistic approach to wellness that includes many inter-related dimensions such as physical, mental, social, spiritual and sense of belonging. These inter-relationships influence how they learn, play, work and live their lives as individuals (regardless of age or ability), as families and as a community.

The following definition has been adopted for the Community Wellness Strategy:

**Wellness is the ability of individuals and communities to reach their fullest potential.** At an individual level, wellness means an optimization of and a balance among physical, mental, social and spiritual well-being. At a community level, wellness means living in harmony with others, respecting diversity, feeling safe, supported and included, and having a sense of belonging to one’s neighbourhood and broader community.

**Supporting Evidence for the Richmond Definition of Wellness**

The definition of wellness adopted by Richmond is supported in the literature and in other jurisdictions. Descriptions of wellness include a range of dimensions – e.g., physical, psychological/emotional, social, spiritual, intellectual, economic, occupational, environmental and cultural wellness. The common theme is that these dimensions are all connected, are interdependent and together contribute to an individual’s resilience and overall sense of well-being. Individual and community wellness do not exist in isolation. Individuals cannot reach their full potential without a supportive community. A supportive community is built upon supportive individuals coming together for the wellness of the whole community. Community wellness is about the ability and willingness of people to act together in ways that benefit everyone. A feeling of belonging is a powerful catalyst for strong communities.

“A sense of belonging is important to build safe, vibrant communities, and it brings purpose to our lives. Belonging is defined as being part of the collective ‘we’ - communities sending signals of acceptance and inclusion, and individuals cultivating their own connections to community.”

While health is defined as a state of complete physical, mental and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity, wellness is seen as an active process of becoming aware of and making choices that enrich our lives.

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Guiding Framework – Vision, Principles and Focus Areas

A vision, principles and five focus areas with the potential to strategically advance the work of the partners in optimizing wellness for Richmond residents have been developed specifically for the Community Wellness Strategy 2018-2023.

Similar to the first Community Wellness Strategy 2010-2015, the recent community consultation has revealed a focus on physical activity and connectedness to one’s community as important factors when it comes to wellness for Richmond residents. The consultation has also identified healthy neighbourhood design and transportation networks, equitable access to programs and services as well as education on wellness literacy, as important factors for Richmond residents.
6.1 Vision for the Richmond Community Wellness Strategy

The City of Richmond’s vision... “to be the most appealing, livable and well-managed community in Canada” provides context for the Richmond Community Wellness Strategy vision.

The vision for the Community Wellness Strategy is intended to be aspirational and to articulate how the three partners – The City of Richmond, Vancouver Coastal Health-Richmond and Richmond School District No. 38 - envision Richmond as a result of their collective action.

**Vision for the Community Wellness Strategy:**
*Richmond...active, caring, connected, healthy and thriving.*

6.2 Principles

The following principles, developed in partnership with the Strategic Advisory Committee, provided a decision-making framework for the development of the strategy:

- Engage in collective action
- Embrace a strength-based approach
- Monitor and evaluate to ensure accountability
- Be financially, socially and environmentally sustainable
- Be inclusive, equitable, respectful and celebrate diversity
- Synergize with existing plans, strategies and organizations

It is expected that these principles will continue to provide a framework to guide the strategy’s implementation as well as the ongoing evaluation of the strategy’s Action Plan.
6.3 Focus Areas

The focus areas identified to guide the Richmond Community Wellness Strategy 2018-2023 build upon:

- Identification in the Community Profile of Richmond’s changing demographics, where Richmond is doing well and where there are areas for improvement
- The community engagement voice highlighting physical activity, healthy eating, mental wellness and connectedness as key aspects of wellness, to be supported by awareness, opportunity, access and supportive environments
- Wellness trends identified in the jurisdictional scan

There are significant interconnections among the focus areas and all of them play an important role in contributing to the overall wellness of Richmond residents and the community as a whole.

Focus Area #1: Foster healthy, active and involved lifestyles for all Richmond residents with an emphasis on physical activity, healthy eating and mental wellness.

Focus Area #2: Enhance physical and social connectedness within and among neighbourhoods and communities

Focus Area #3: Enhance equitable access to amenities, services and programs within and among neighbourhoods.

Focus Area #4: Facilitate supportive, safe and healthy natural and built environments

Focus Area #5: Promote wellness literacy for residents across all ages and stages of their lives.

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12 Equitable – fair, reasonable, just and free of favoritism or self-interest.

13 Equitable access is about addressing social and economic imbalances when developing policy or implementing plans, so that people from diverse backgrounds (and different neighbourhoods) have more or less similar opportunities when it comes to accessing amenities, services and programs.
Moving Forward – Community Wellness Action Plan

The Action Plan in this section outlines the objectives and actions under each focus area that the partners believe will make a meaningful and measurable difference in enhancing wellness in Richmond. Overall, each of the partners has agreed to lead specific objectives and actions while working collaboratively on all objectives and actions.

In some cases, specific initiatives have been identified as priority actions. These initiatives were identified through the engagement process and best practices research as programs or services that: hold particular promise to significantly impact the objective; have already secured commitment from the partners to resource and implement; and/or particularly resonate with the community. The priority actions have therefore been identified as a means of supporting the larger, long term actions.
### 7.1 Action Plan

**Focus Area #1: Foster healthy, active and involved lifestyles for all Richmond residents with an emphasis on physical activity, healthy eating and mental wellness.**

**Objective #1**

Increase the number of Richmond residents across all ages involved in physical activity and active, healthy lifestyles.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Action/Program/Initiative</th>
<th>Time-frame</th>
<th>Partner Lead</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Develop and implement a healthy active living campaign to increase awareness, understanding and participation in physical activity, healthy eating, and mental wellness opportunities and benefits.</td>
<td>Develop 2018-2019 Implement 2019-2023</td>
<td>CoR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Implement initiatives to keep Richmond residents active through enhancing walking and cycling programs city-wide and at a neighbourhood level.</td>
<td>2019-2023</td>
<td>CoR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 1:</strong> Expand the scope of ‘Move for Health Week’ by including initiatives of the three partners (VCH-Richmond, SD38 and CoR), while also incorporating a focus on cycling.</td>
<td>2019-2020</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 2:</strong> Increase neighbourhood level participation in the Walk Richmond program.</td>
<td>2020-2021</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Increase structured and unstructured physical activity opportunities in the after school hours and encourage after school programs to include a minimum of 30 minutes of moderate to vigorous physical activity.</td>
<td>2018-2020</td>
<td>VCH-Richmond / CoR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 1:</strong> Scale-up the Art Truck initiative which includes physical activity, arts and culture and healthy eating.</td>
<td>2018-2019</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Implement initiatives which encourage physical activity through programs and services that are neighbourhood specific.</td>
<td>Pilot Initiative 2018-2019 Implement 2019-2023</td>
<td>CoR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 1:</strong> Implement the Active Communities Grant Project focusing on physical activity initiatives in the City Centre neighbourhood.</td>
<td>2018-2019</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 2:</strong> Encourage 30 minutes of daily moderate to vigorous physical activity in school.</td>
<td>2018-2019</td>
<td>SD38</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Objective #2

Increase the number of Richmond residents across all ages making healthy food choices.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Action/Program/Initiative</th>
<th>Time-frame</th>
<th>Partner Lead</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Implement a Healthy Eating Strategy that increases access to healthy and safe foods at a neighbourhood level and builds upon and aligns with the Richmond Food Charter and the Regional Food System Action Plan. This includes coordinating and enhancing healthy eating opportunities in schools, public buildings, and where gaps have been identified at a neighbourhood level.</td>
<td>Ongoing to 2023</td>
<td>VCH-Richmond</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 1:</strong> Include healthy and, where possible, local food at concession stands, in vending machines and cafes in public facilities and schools.</td>
<td>2019-2020</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 2:</strong> Expand community gardens in neighbourhoods across Richmond, to encourage social interaction, physical activity and access to fresh affordable vegetables and fruits for residents.</td>
<td>2018-2020</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Expand or implement neighbourhood food hubs in underserved areas to address the lack of fresh and local produce and establish a healthier food environment at the neighbourhood level.</td>
<td>Ongoing to 2023</td>
<td>VCH-Richmond</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 1:</strong> Complete the Richmond Food Asset Map to inform the Neighbourhood Food Hub initiative.</td>
<td>2018-2019</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 2:</strong> Conduct school food environment audits within identified neighbourhoods to inform and strengthen the Neighbourhood Food Hub initiative.</td>
<td>2018-2020</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Enable residents of all ages to make healthy food choices through educational opportunities and programs that are culturally relevant.</td>
<td>Ongoing to 2023</td>
<td>VCH-Richmond</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 1:</strong> Develop effective teaching tools to assist residents to make healthy food choices.</td>
<td>2018-2020</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 2:</strong> Develop new or expand current partnerships that provide food skills programs for Richmond residents, e.g., Diabetes Canada ‘Food Skills for Families’ program; The Sharing Farm cooking and nutrition food skills program; and community centre cooking classes.</td>
<td>2019-2021</td>
<td>VCH-Richmond / CoR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 3:</strong> Promote and support the implementation of ‘Appetite to Play’ in Richmond early childhood programs including daycares, preschools and those provided or funded by the partners. This initiative is focused on training and supporting early years’ providers to enhance knowledge, skills and confidence in providing environments for children that incorporate healthy eating and physical activity.</td>
<td>2018-2020</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 4:</strong> Focus the annual VCH- Richmond/SD 38 Book Mark contest on healthy food choices in year 1, physical activity in year 2, mental wellness in year 3 and social connectedness in year 4.</td>
<td>2018-2022</td>
<td>SD38 VCH-Richmond</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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15 [https://www.healthlinkbc.ca/healthy-eating/schools-and-communities](https://www.healthlinkbc.ca/healthy-eating/schools-and-communities)
Objective #3

Increase the number of individuals across all ages reporting a positive state of mental wellness.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Action/Program/Initiative</th>
<th>Time-frame</th>
<th>Partner Lead</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1. Implement initiatives to increase access to mental wellness resources for residents.  
  **Priority Action 1:** Enhance activities of the three partners to promote Mental Health Week.  
  **Priority Action 2:** Implement an initiative to support residents’ mental wellness through a ‘Go-To’ Mental Wellness Referral program. This initiative would involve enhancing the capacity of front line staff at City, public health and school facilities, so they would have the ability to connect individuals with the appropriate resources in Richmond. | 2019-2023 | SD 38 |
| 2. Implement the ‘Foundry’ Initiative, which is an integrated one stop shop for mental health, primary health care and social services for young people ages 12-24 with a focus on ready access to services and early intervention for wellness. This initiative is currently being implemented in cities across British Columbia. | Ongoing to 2023 | VCH-Richmond |
| 3. Develop a common language around what mental wellness means and integrate it into resources developed to support mental wellness.  
  **Priority Action 1:** Adopt a common social/emotional competency curriculum that can be applied to children, youth and adult programs aimed at supporting mental wellness.  
  Utilize the EDI, MDI and McCreary data and research for Richmond to inform the curriculum and other programs/strategies that have the potential to decrease risk factors and increase protective factors during developmental stages. | Ongoing to 2023 | SD 38 |
Focus Area #2: Enhance physical and social connectedness within and among neighbourhoods and communities.

**Objective #1**

Provide opportunities to increase Richmond residents’ sense of belonging to their neighbourhoods.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Action/Program/Initiative</th>
<th>Time-frame</th>
<th>Partner Lead</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Develop and implement a Neighbourhood Strategy with a focus on programs, services and initiatives, as well as built and natural environment elements that enhance social connectedness within and among neighbourhoods. <strong>Priority Action 1</strong>: Implement the ‘Resilient Streets Program’ which aims to increase neighbour-to-neighbour connections, starting with the East and West Cambie Neighbourhoods. Learnings from this program will inform the Neighbourhood Strategy.</td>
<td>Develop 2019-2021 Implement 2021-2023</td>
<td>CoR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Focus Area #3: Enhance equitable access to amenities, services and programs within and among neighbourhoods.

**Objective #1**

Align availability and access of programs and services to meet the needs of Richmond residents by addressing inequities at a neighbourhood level, e.g., geographical, cost of programs and transportation, timing, cultural relevance and language needs or facilitating outreach opportunities.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Action/Program/Initiative</th>
<th>Time-frame</th>
<th>Partner Lead</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Adopt an equity lens framework and assess what and where the inequities are at a neighbourhood level.</td>
<td>2018-2020</td>
<td>VCH-Richmond</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Create wayfinding tools which help residents and service providers to make best use of amenities, services, programs, natural and built environment opportunities that the neighbourhood offers. <strong>Priority Action 1</strong>: Create a visually appealing map illustrating City parks, recreation and arts amenities.</td>
<td>2019-2022</td>
<td>VCH-Richmond / CoR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 1</strong>: Create a visually appealing map illustrating City parks, recreation and arts amenities.</td>
<td>2019-2020</td>
<td>CoR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Introduce a ‘Prescription for Health’ initiative where local health care providers and school counsellors would prescribe physical activity utilizing local amenities, services, programs, natural and built environments in neighbourhoods.</td>
<td>Ongoing to 2023</td>
<td>VCH-Richmond</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Enhance partner outreach to groups where barriers to access and participation in services and programs have been identified. <strong>Priority Action 1</strong>: Establish a partner task group to clarify existing barriers to be addressed and priority solutions.</td>
<td>Ongoing to 2023</td>
<td>VCH-Richmond</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2019-2020
Focus Area #4: Facilitate supportive, safe and healthy natural and built environments.

Objective #1

Identify and implement healthy natural and built environments to improve the wellness of Richmond residents.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Action/Program/Initiative</th>
<th>Time-frame</th>
<th>Partner Lead</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Improve connectivity by developing walkable routes in neighbourhoods that are accessible to all. Walkable routes could be further enhanced by: • Providing access to benches, washrooms and playgrounds, shade and gathering places • Providing interactive and interpretive amenities • Implementing a wayfinding and signage plan for walkable routes within neighbourhoods.</td>
<td>Ongoing to 2023</td>
<td>CoR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Continue to improve cycling networks across the City by: • Expanding the bike route network • Expanding secured bike parking at City, health and school facilities • Increasing access to bicycles and bicycle helmets to those facing barriers. • Addressing barriers to using available bike routes</td>
<td>Ongoing to 2023</td>
<td>CoR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Enhance walkability/proximity to healthy food sources within neighbourhoods. Consideration can be given to one or more of the following best practice approaches: • Creating local spaces and incentives for community gardens, food sharing, farmers’ markets and food skills programs • Creating mobile options that improve proximity to healthy food sources for areas with limited access (e.g., travelling ‘pop up’ units that sell fruit and vegetables).</td>
<td>Ongoing to 2023</td>
<td>VCH-Richmond</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Improve places and spaces at the neighbourhood level to make them accessible, inviting, healthy and safe through the addition of elements such as: • Furnishings and activities • Nature • Murals • Book libraries • Non-smoking outdoor and indoor spaces</td>
<td>Ongoing to 2023</td>
<td>CoR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Increase indoor and outdoor unstructured play opportunities city-wide and at a neighbourhood level at school and City playgrounds, parks and facilities by: • Increasing nature play elements • Providing play equipment accessible to all e.g., playboxes available at community centres and parks • Creating learning opportunities in natural and built environments.</td>
<td>Ongoing to 2023</td>
<td>CoR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Focus Area #5: Promote wellness literacy\textsuperscript{16} for residents across all ages and stages of their lives.

Objective #1

Strengthen awareness and understanding of wellness including benefits and opportunities for improving wellness.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Action/Program/Initiative</th>
<th>Time-frame</th>
<th>Partner Lead</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Develop and implement a wellness literacy campaign as a key component of the healthy active living campaign.</td>
<td>Develop 2018-2019 Implement 2019-2023</td>
<td>All partners</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 1</strong>: Develop and disseminate brief and easy to understand wellness messages in promotional materials.</td>
<td>2019-2020</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 2</strong>: Host a wellness literacy fair for staff from the three partner organizations.</td>
<td>2019-2020</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 3</strong>: Provide educational workshops on wellness led by experts or high profile community members.</td>
<td>2020-2021</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Coordinate and connect the wellness communications and information sharing tools of the three partners. Aim to establish a common place/platform for wellness information.</td>
<td>2019-2021</td>
<td>All partners</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 1</strong>: Develop linkages among current partner websites for sharing evidence-based wellness messages endorsed by the three partners.</td>
<td>2019-2020</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Develop and implement incentives to promote wellness literacy.</td>
<td>Develop 2019-2020 Implement 2020-2023</td>
<td>All partners</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Priority Action 1</strong>: Share wellness success stories to celebrate the wellness achievement of Richmond residents and report on progress using a common platform endorsed by the three partners.</td>
<td>2020-2021</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\textsuperscript{16} Wellness Literacy is “the capacity to obtain, process, and understand basic health/wellness information and services needed to make appropriate health/wellness decisions.”
Measuring Our Progress

8.1 Evaluation Framework and Logic Model

The Richmond Community Wellness Strategy 2018–2023 Evaluation Framework has been developed and is available under separate cover. The Evaluation Framework outlines a logic model, provides details for process and outcome evaluation including indicators and data sources, and serves as a guide for evaluating the overall Strategy.

Context

The five focus areas, objectives and actions of the Richmond Community Wellness Strategy are all aimed to address the following priority areas for change:

- Physical activity
- Healthy eating
- Mental wellness
- Social connectedness
These are the key drivers to guide the implementation of the action plan for the Richmond Community Wellness Strategy 2018–2023. The first two focus areas and related objectives and actions speak directly to the above priority areas of change. The remaining three focus areas - and related objectives and actions - are supports essential to achieving the desired change.

In essence, the focus areas and related objectives and actions are interrelated and collectively contribute to enhancing community wellness. It is recognized that the key determinants of health such as income, housing and education are also critical factors in achieving community wellness. No one action or determinant is a hundred percent attributable to individual and community wellness. It is collective action and the inter-relationships of all of these variables that impact the long term outcomes. Achieving the outcomes identified in the Community Wellness Strategy is likely to require a city-wide culture of wellness and active lifestyles that will take longer than five years to accomplish. To this end, the five year ‘long term’ outcomes provide a marker of progress.

Logic Model

The logic model for the Community Wellness Strategy presented on the adjacent page is a visual representation that simplifies the complex relationship amongst various components and identifies the major action areas, outputs, medium term outcomes and long term outcomes.
Situation: Improve wellness of Richmond residents (physical activity levels, healthy eating, mental wellness); Improve equitable access to programs and services; Improve social connectedness; Enhance supportive built and natural environments; Improve Richmond residents’ wellness literacy.

Inputs: Organizational level: Partnership, Funding, Coordination and Oversight, Monitoring and Communication.

Program and Project level: Resources, Staff, Volunteers and Facilities.

FOCUS AREAS

- Foster healthy, active and involved lifestyles for all Richmond residents with an emphasis on physical activity, healthy eating and mental wellness
- Enhance physical and social connectedness within and among neighbourhoods and communities
- Enhance equitable access to amenities, services and programs within and among neighbourhoods
- Facilitate supportive, safe and healthy natural and built environments
- Promote wellness literacy for residents across all ages and stages of their lives

Key ACTIVITIES & OUTPUTS

Implement Healthy Active Living Campaign
- Enhance walking and cycling programs
- Increase structured and unstructured physical activity opportunities in the after-school hours
- Implement neighbourhood specific physical activity initiatives
- Implement healthy eating strategy (access to healthy and safe food at neighbourhood level)
- Implement neighbourhood food hubs initiative
- Implement educational opportunities and programs
- Implement initiatives to increase access to mental wellness resources
- Implement “Foundry” initiative
- Develop and utilize common language “what mental wellness means”

Develop and implement neighbourhood strategy to enhance social connectedness
- Adopt equity lens framework and assess amenities and services inequities at neighbourhood level
- Create neighbourhood wayfinding tools
- Introduce Prescription for Health initiative
- Enhance partner outreach to groups experiencing barriers accessing programs and services

Medium Term OUTCOMES

- Increased awareness of the importance and benefits of physical activity, healthy eating, mental wellness and social connectedness
- Increased access to physical activity opportunities
- Increased access to healthy food outlets/sources and programs
- Increased access to mental wellness resources and opportunities
- Increased opportunities for social connectedness in neighbourhoods
- Increased access to specific amenities and services by neighbourhood
- Barriers to access identified by specific groups have been addressed
- Increased built and natural environment supports – walking, cycling, healthy food outlets;
- Increased public places and spaces for gathering at a neighbourhood level;
- Increased outdoor unstructured play opportunities

Long Term OUTCOMES

Behaviour Changes
- Increased:
  - Physical Activity
  - Healthy Eating
  - Mental Wellness
  - Social Connectedness

Equitable Access
- Equitable access at a neighbourhood level to specific services and amenities
- Individuals/groups with identified barriers are active, eating healthy, reporting mental wellness and being socially connected

Healthy Environments
- Supportive Built and Natural Environments

Promote wellness literacy for residents across all ages and stages of their lives
- Develop and implement wellness literacy campaign
- Coordinate and connect wellness communications and information sharing tools
- Develop and implement incentives for wellness

Enhance physical and social connectedness within and among neighbourhoods and communities
- Develop walkable routes in neighbourhoods
- Improve cycling networks
- Enhance proximity to healthy food sources in neighbourhoods
- Improve places and spaces at neighbourhood level to make accessible, inviting, healthy and safe
- Increase indoor and outdoor unstructured play opportunities

Enhance equitable access to amenities, services and programs within and among neighbourhoods
- Adopt equity lens framework and assess amenities and services inequities at neighbourhood level
- Create neighbourhood wayfinding tools
- Introduce Prescription for Health initiative
- Enhance partner outreach to groups experiencing barriers accessing programs and services

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- Introduce Prescription for Health initiative
- Enhance partner outreach to groups experiencing barriers accessing programs and services

Facilitate supportive, safe and healthy natural and built environments
- Develop walkable routes in neighbourhoods
- Improve cycling networks
- Enhance proximity to healthy food sources in neighbourhoods
- Improve places and spaces at neighbourhood level to make accessible, inviting, healthy and safe
- Increase indoor and outdoor unstructured play opportunities

Promote wellness literacy for residents across all ages and stages of their lives
- Develop and implement wellness literacy campaign
- Coordinate and connect wellness communications and information sharing tools
- Develop and implement incentives for wellness
8.2 Measuring Results

Process and outcome evaluation will be implemented in order to ensure ongoing progress on the Community Wellness Strategy objectives and actions.

The purpose of incorporating a process evaluation component is to understand whether the strategy is being implemented as intended - what’s working well, what’s not and where improvements can be made. This is primarily a qualitative assessment to assist with course correction. This is accomplished by:

- measuring outputs (what is produced, created, put in place, etc.);
- reviewing processes related to medium term outcomes and identifying implementation barriers and facilitators through interviews, surveys or meetings; and
- assessing the effectiveness of the partnership.

The purpose of the outcome evaluation is to measure progress toward achieving the medium and long term outcomes of the Community Wellness Strategy using common or shared measures that are reliable and valid.

- Where possible, existing repeated measures of community wellness, such as Richmond’s "My Health My Community", the McCreary Adolescent Health Survey and School Satisfaction Survey for Richmond School District No. 38, the Canadian Community Health Survey and Census statistics are preferred for measuring progress toward the desired outcomes.
- Modifications to data collection tools are identified, where additional information is required.
- For some actions, new data sources and data collection methods are needed (e.g., audits or inventories of services provided, specific surveys) to gather important qualitative and quantitative data.
- In addition, a number of initiatives will implement program-specific evaluations.

The following table identifies examples of measures and targets to be used in the evaluation of the Community Wellness Strategy 2018-2023. In addition, a variety of data sources and collection methods will be used to measure outcomes. As an example, statistically valid surveys will be used to gather quantitative and qualitative data on indicators to ascertain whether target trends are being reached.
The full complement of measures and data sources are outlined in the Evaluation Framework available under separate cover.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Focus Area</th>
<th>Indicator/Measure</th>
<th>Target Trend</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Foster healthy, active and involved lifestyles for all Richmond residents with an emphasis on physical activity, healthy eating and mental wellness.</td>
<td>• Physical activity levels&lt;br&gt;• Fruit and vegetable servings&lt;br&gt;• Self-rated mental health&lt;br&gt;• Awareness of benefits&lt;br&gt;• Healthy food outlets&lt;br&gt;• Physical activity opportunities</td>
<td>↑↑↑↑↑</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enhance physical and social connectedness within and among neighbourhoods and communities</td>
<td>• Strong sense of community belonging&lt;br&gt;• Volunteers</td>
<td>↑↑</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enhance equitable access¹⁸ to amenities, services and programs within and among neighbourhoods.</td>
<td>• Amenities, programs and services available by neighbourhood&lt;br&gt;• Reduced barriers to opportunities</td>
<td>↑↓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facilitate supportive, safe and healthy natural and built environments</td>
<td>• Walkability of neighbourhoods&lt;br&gt;• Outdoor unstructured play opportunities</td>
<td>↑↑</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Promote wellness literacy for residents across all ages and stages of their lives</td>
<td>• Awareness of wellness components</td>
<td>↑</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reporting on the Community Wellness Strategy 2018-2023 will include a report on outcomes at 2.5 years and 5 years by partner leads on the progress of the 5 focus areas and process evaluation measures.

**Evaluation Implementation Considerations**

There are a number of processes and structures that are important to ensuring a successful evaluation. These include clarifying: specific responsibility for evaluation, funding availability, data monitoring process, reporting timeframes, ongoing sharing of information on targets and milestones and the communication plan to report success and progress.

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¹⁸ Equitable –fair, reasonable, just and free of favoritism or self-interest

¹⁹ Equitable access is about addressing social and economic imbalances when developing policy or implementing plans, so that people from diverse backgrounds (and different neighbourhoods) have more or less similar opportunities when it comes to accessing amenities, services and programs.
Implementation

Collaboration and sustained coordinated efforts are essential to the successful implementation of the Richmond Community Wellness Strategy and to achieve the desired collective impact. The Action Plan identifies lead responsibilities and timelines for implementation. In addition, the lead Partners, consisting of the City of Richmond, Vancouver Coastal Health-Richmond and School District No. 38 recognize the interconnectedness of the collective actions and commit to the following:

Accountability Structure

- To ensure the appropriate oversight of the Community Wellness Strategy, a dedicated Partner Leadership group with designated leaders from each of the partner organizations will be responsible to oversee implementation and ongoing operations of the Strategy.
- Each focus area has a designated lead who will be responsible for identifying working groups (existing or new) to implement actions specified in the action plan for their area of responsibility.
- Monitoring and reporting mechanisms will be set in place, including at minimum, quarterly meetings of the Partner Leadership group to receive reports on progress of implementation.
- A report on achievement of outcomes is to be developed at 2.5 years and at 5 years.
- Key supports include:
  - Aligning and leveraging resources, for the short term and for long term sustainability
  - An evaluation working group with representatives from each of the partner organizations to coordinate evaluation efforts.
Common Agenda and Mutually Reinforcing Activities

- The Community Wellness Strategy Action Plan sets out a common agenda and shared aspirations for the implementation of the Community Wellness Strategy. All partners will be working individually and collectively, to implement specific aspects of the Strategy based on the identified timelines. The actions are interconnected and mutually reinforcing with the identification of priority actions along with a number of high leverage activities that will require greater coordinated efforts and may take longer to implement.
- Partners will assume the challenge of engaging community organizations and residents in the identified actions, creating ownership and champions.
- Partners commit to hosting ‘kick off’ orientation events in order to garner buy-in and support during the early stages of Strategy implementation. Orientation events could include lunch and learns and the dissemination of wellness messages to partner organization staff.

Shared Measurement

- The Richmond Community Wellness Strategy Evaluation Framework outlines both a process and outcome evaluation and serves as a guide for evaluating the overall Strategy. The Framework identifies specific methods, indicators, common and shared measures and data sources for the purpose of reporting progress toward the achievement of outcomes. Evaluation and measurement is recognized as an ongoing process of collecting appropriate data, identifying and analyzing available data and ensuring timely data reporting in order to understand what is working, what is not and where course correction should occur.
- The Evaluation working group would play a key role in supporting the Partner Leadership Group in documenting evaluation results and sharing evaluation learnings.
Continuous Communication

It is of value for the partners to communicate the Richmond Community Wellness Strategy 2018-2023 under a common branding. This helps create an identity and connects actions as part of a larger movement that enhances recognition, momentum and sustainability. Continuous communication is a critical aspect of implementation and of the ongoing operation of the Strategy and this can take a number of forms:

- Regular sharing of information within partner organizations through meetings and ongoing communication vehicles
- Quarterly updates across partner organizations through newsletter or other agreed to communication vehicles
- Yearly update through websites or other communication vehicles to community stakeholders and the general public
- Creative opportunities for continuous community/neighbourhood engagement – providing opportunity to update stakeholders on actions and progress, to share stories about innovations and challenges, and encourage continued feedback
- Recognizing and celebrating successes as a critical aspect of sharing information, transferring knowledge, and inspiring sustainable action on community wellness.
The Community Wellness Strategy 2018-2023 is a renewed commitment of the three partners - the City of Richmond, Vancouver Coastal Health-Richmond and Richmond School District No. 38 - to work collectively to improve wellness. Overall, the purpose of this five-year Strategy is to take a collaborative and holistic approach to improve wellness for Richmond residents and increase opportunities as well as support for active and healthy lifestyles throughout the city. According to data from the My Health My Community survey, Richmond residents are generally healthy, however there are areas for improvement, which include active living, mental and physical wellness, and a sense of belonging.

The vision, principles, focus areas and actions which have been developed following an inclusive engagement process provide the direction and framework for the implementation of the Strategy. Through implementation and the subsequent evaluation of actions, the aim is to measure progress in achieving the various goals, which have been outlined throughout this Strategy.

A successful evaluation process will be achieved through the assignment of specific responsibility for evaluation, funding availability, a data monitoring process, reporting timeframes, ongoing sharing of information on targets and milestones and a communication plan to report success and progress. Generally, the City of Richmond, Vancouver Coastal Health-Richmond and Richmond School District No. 38 recognize that a shared vision and collective efforts to achieve and evaluate common goals will strengthen the impacts to individual and community wellness.
Examples of plans and strategies of the three partner organizations that provide relevant context and support the Community Wellness Strategy are outlined below.

The City of Richmond Relevant Plans and Strategies:

City of Richmond’s Official Community Plan 2012-2041 (OCP) guides the long-term planning within the City. The OCP enables City Council to plan, co-ordinate and manage the City’s sustainability, social, economic and land use interests, over the long term. The OCP reflects the overall values of the Richmond community by establishing a City vision, goals and objectives for future sustainability, development and servicing, and policies and urban design guidelines to achieve the vision.

The OCP Vision of a sustainable Richmond:

“A sustainable and healthy island city that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs. It is a place where people live, work, and prosper in a welcoming, connected, accessible and vibrant community. In Richmond, the health of the people and the health of the eco-system are sustained through community participation and long-term economic, social and environmental well-being.”

The recurring themes and messages in the OCP are supportive of community wellness and provide important context and legitimacy for the Richmond Community Wellness Strategy, e.g.:

- Provide more housing choices to facilitate better aging in place, complete neighbourhoods and affordable housing;
- Improve streets and connectivity in neighbourhoods;
- Provide more parks and open space;
- Retain agricultural lands;
- Improve transportation, transit service, and expand the cycling network across the City;
- Have more walkable and accessible neighbourhoods;
- Improve the ecological network and its services; and
- Improve opportunities to access the shoreline.

City of Richmond Social Development Strategy (2013-2022) is intended to guide the City’s decisions and resource allocations on social development matters. It provides a foundation for an integrated, coordinated and sustainable approach for social development in Richmond. The Strategy “envision the City of Richmond of 2022 as an inclusive, engaged and caring community – one that considers the needs of the present and future generations, values and builds on its diversity, nurtures social capital, and treats its citizens with fairness and respect. The Strategy recognizes that, for this vision to become a reality, the City must not only be ready to address existing community social issues but also develop the capacity to be responsive to the emerging needs of its diverse populations”.

The Social Development Strategy identifies nine strategic directions: 1) Expand Housing Choices; 2) Enhance Community Accessibility; 3) Address the Needs of an Aging Population; 4) Help Richmond’s Children, Youth and Families to Thrive; 5) Build Richmond’s Cultural Diversity; 6) Support Community Engagement and Volunteerism; 7) Strengthen Richmond’s Social Infrastructure; 8) Provide High Quality Recreation, Arts, Cultural and Wellness Opportunities; 9) Facilitate Strong and Safe Neighbourhoods.

The realization of these strategic directions will contribute to and further the achievement of the goals and objectives of the Community Wellness Strategy.
Richmond’s Intercultural Strategic Plan (2017-2022) prepared by the Richmond Intercultural Advisory Committee highlights the importance of enhancing intercultural harmony and strengthening inter-cultural cooperation in Richmond. Richmond’s intercultural vision is: “for Richmond to be the most welcoming, inclusive and harmonious community in Canada.” Four strategic directions have been identified: 1) Address language, information and cultural barriers that interfere with building a welcoming community; 2) Address the perception and reality of racism and discrimination in the community; 3) Work to explore potential areas of alignment between the intercultural vision… and other government and stakeholder systems, policies and planning processes; 4) support the development and integration of Richmond’s immigrants.

These strategic directions will contribute to community wellness as well as inform and support actions proposed under the Richmond Community Wellness Strategy.

City of Richmond 2022 Parks and Open Space Strategy helps to frame and guide the objectives and actions within the Community Wellness Strategy relating to the built and natural environment. It consists of seven focus areas that are aimed at providing high quality parks and open space into the future: 1) Health and Wellness, e.g., Residents of every neighbourhood have equal access to safe, appealing outdoor places to engage in healthy active lifestyles; 2) Great Spaces and Experiences, e.g., The rich variety of great places, features and activities in parks and open space system contribute to the city’s vibrancy and identity; 3) Connectivity: Linking people, community and nature, e.g., The system is inviting, accessible and safe, enabling residents and visitors to feel comfortable and connected to the community; 4) Green Network e.g., The parks and open space system include a range of green spaces that support recreation, social interaction, and psychological and spiritual renewal; 5) Blue Network, e.g., Richmond’s waterfront provides a variety of activities and multiple destinations; 6) Diversity and Multi-functionality, e.g., The system provides a variety of diverse open spaces that are flexible and able to respond to changes and community needs; 7) Resource Management, e.g., The system inspires shared stewardship between multiple stakeholders to foster pride, purpose and a sense of community.

Other Richmond Plans that relate to the Community Wellness Strategy include:

- Seniors Service Plan: Active and Healthy Living 2015-2020
- Age-Friendly Assessment and Action Plan (Approved by Richmond City Council, March 2015)
- Richmond Arts Strategy 2012-2017
- Museum and Heritage Strategy 2007
- Richmond Affordable Housing Strategy, 2007 [2016 Housing Report Card]
- Richmond Sport for Life Strategy 2010-2015
- Community Services Youth Service Plan: Where Youth Thrive 2015-2020
The City of Richmond undertook the development of a Richmond Recreation and Sport Strategy 2018-2023 concurrently with the Richmond Community Wellness Strategy 2018-2023 to ensure the two strategies are aligned.

Recreation and Sport Strategy Vision:
Richmond is a leader in the planning and delivery of recreation and sport opportunities, inspiring individuals and communities to be active, connected and healthy for a lifetime.

The Recreation and Sport Strategy 2018-2023 identifies a number of priority focus areas:

- **Awareness and Understanding** – Richmond residents know and understand the opportunities and benefits of participation in recreation and sport;
- **Active People and Engaged Community** – Richmond residents actively participate in recreation and sport throughout their life;
- **Physical Literacy and Sport for Life** – Richmond residents have the fundamental skills, competence, confidence and motivation to move for a lifetime;
- **Active People and Vibrant Places** – Natural and built environments across the City and in neighbourhoods support and encourage participation in recreation and sport;
- **Connectedness to Nature** – Richmond residents enjoy the opportunity to connect with nature; and
- **Community Capacity-Building** – Collaboration, partnerships and volunteerism are strengthened to expand the reach and impact of recreation and sport in Richmond
- **Technology and Innovation** – Technology and innovative ideas connect and inspire Richmond residents in recreation and sport.

These priority directions align synergistically with the objectives of the Community Wellness Strategy and specifically target and support the achievement of the physical activity and neighbourhood connectedness outcomes of the Community Wellness Strategy.

Vancouver Coastal Health – Richmond Relevant Plans and Strategies:

The following frameworks, strategies and reports provide important policy direction and reference for Vancouver Coastal Health-Richmond's role as a partner in the development and implementation of the Richmond Community Wellness Strategy.

Provincial Strategies that guide all health authorities province-wide include:

- **BC’s Guiding Framework for Public Health**[^20] identifies measures, baselines and targets to guide solutions for increasing the health and wellness of all British Columbians. The key areas that are applicable to measuring individual and community wellness are: (1) Healthy Living and Healthy Communities; (2) Maternal, Child and Family Health; (3) Positive Mental Health and Prevention of Substance Harms; (4) Communicable Disease Prevention; (5) Injury Prevention; (6) Environmental Health.

Healthy Families BC Policy Framework (2014)\(^\text{21}\) outlines work to be done at local and regional levels to reduce risk factors and increase protective factors for major chronic diseases and injuries. Investing in evidence-based prevention interventions, effectively supporting individuals in making healthier choices (such as eating healthy foods, being physically active, reducing alcohol consumption and living tobacco free) and reinforcing protective factors (such as those that support healthy early child development and positive mental health) can help prevent the onset of many chronic diseases and improve wellness. The Framework identifies seven focused intervention streams with rationale and effective approaches to guide implementation (see above). Specific outcome targets outlined for BC by 2023 are equally important for Richmond.

Active People, Active Places – 2015 BC Physical Activity Strategy is designed to guide and stimulate co-ordinated policies, practices and programs in physical activity that will improve the health and wellbeing of British Columbians, and the communities in which we live, learn, work and play. The Strategy uses a settings-based approach and aims to support people to be active by creating environments that foster physical activity and addressing the environmental, social and individual determinants of physical inactivity. The key elements and strategic directions for action are highly relevant to the Richmond Community Wellness Strategy priorities and actions.

BC’s Mental Health and Substance Use Strategy 2017-2020 is a refreshed strategy that builds on Healthy Minds Healthy People and A Path Forward: BC First Nations and Aboriginal People’s Mental Wellness and Substance Use – both 10 Year Plans. It emphasizes the importance of prevention, the need for better access to services, better co-ordination of services, and improved continuity of care. It requires stronger collaboration and integration among partners to ensure the best outcomes for children, youth, adults, their families and communities. The urgency comes from understanding that as many as 84,000 children and youth between the ages of four and 17 in B.C. experience one or more mental health disorders at any given time, while only one-third receive specialized treatment. An even greater number of children and youth experience milder forms of distress and related impacts, which affect their ability to function to their fullest potential. Actions are designed to improve our ability to meet the needs of our children when and where they need us, and this is particularly relevant to the Richmond Community Wellness Strategy.

BCCDC 2017-2021 Population and Public Health Strategic Plan (The Observatory) The Observatory is newly established to provide leadership in the development of provincial and regional surveillance capacity and to support the Provincial Health Office and Chief Medical Health Officers in regional health authorities to systematically report on their populations’ health and wellness status. Surveillance information produced by the Observatory will be used by public health staff for policy development, program planning, evaluation and decision making to improve the well-being of British Columbia communities. Data required to measure progress toward improved community wellness will be of importance to the Observatory work.

Vancouver Coastal Health region and VCH-Richmond specific strategy and data reports:

Taking Action to Improve Health in the Vancouver Coastal Health Region 2016/17 details how the Vancouver Coastal Health uses public health strategies to promote health and wellness and support residents in living healthy lives in healthy communities. This includes focusing on healthy early childhood environments and support for school success, improving immunization rates, ensuring clean water, including cultural healing practices and Elders in indigenous health, supporting community-based initiatives to strengthen social connectedness and sense of community belonging, and responding to the illicit drug overdose emergency. Healthy early childhood environments, connectedness and sense of neighbourhood and community belonging are important aspects of wellness.

\(^{21}\) Healthy Families BC Policy Framework – A Focused Approach to Chronic Disease and Injury Prevention, Ministry of Health 2014
- **My Health My Community** ([www.myhealthmycommunity.org](http://www.myhealthmycommunity.org)) is a web-based health and wellness survey, first conducted in 2013/14, that enables residents who live in the Vancouver Coastal Health and Fraser Health regions to influence their community’s health priorities and local government and decision-makers to shape community services and amenities to meet local needs. Prior to this, there had been a major gap in information at the local community and neighbourhood level about residents’ health status, needs and well-being. Health and lifestyle data from over 33,000 lower mainland adults has been compiled into 30 different community profiles. The survey data allows for comparisons between communities, and associations between health status, lifestyle behaviours, built environments and population groups.

*My Health My Community (MHMC) Richmond Community Health Profile (2013/14)* provides information about Richmond residents’ health status, needs and well-being for the City overall and at a neighbourhood level ([https://www.myhealthmycommunity.org/Results/NeighbourhoodProfiles.aspx](https://www.myhealthmycommunity.org/Results/NeighbourhoodProfiles.aspx)). Neighbourhoods as well as communities differ considerably with regards to age, income, education and place of birth of their residents. These social and economic differences are highly influential in determining individual and community health and wellbeing. The results of the MHMC Richmond profile provide an essential reference for the Community Wellness Strategy and are summarized in Section 2 of this report. The MHMC is to be repeated over the time period of the Strategy and for this reason, the Community Wellness Strategy evaluation framework uses many of the same measures as criteria for reporting progress on enhancing the health and wellbeing of Richmond residents.

**Richmond School District 38 Relevant Plans and Strategies:**

Richmond School District (SD 38) recognizes the important relationship between health and education; the fact that physical, mental, intellectual and emotional health support children and youth in achieving their fullest potential as learners, and similarly, that learning positively influences students’ health. Key plans and strategies addressing learning and wellness are outlined below.

SD 38 has championed involvement in Healthy Schools BC ([www.healthyschoolsbc.ca](http://www.healthyschoolsbc.ca)) an initiative that builds the capacity of the health and education sectors to effectively implement Healthy Schools BC initiatives using a Comprehensive School Health approach. Strengthened health-education partnerships, tools for healthy school assessment and planning, and the coordination of existing schools-based healthy living programs and resources combine to support improvement in students’ health and learning. Key focus areas include:

- **School connectedness** and building a school community where everyone feels safe, seen, heard, supported, significant and cared for;
- **Food literacy** to ensure students have the knowledge, skills and attitudes necessary to choose, grow, prepare and enjoy food to support their own health, the wellbeing of their community, and the environment.

SD 38 is committed to advancing school-based promotion of youth mental health and recognizes that successful implementation of a mental health strategy requires dedicated leadership, proper preparation of the organization, and ongoing support for implementation. To this end, opportunity has been established for SD 38 educators to complete the online course Bringing Mental Health to Schools: a curriculum resource for grades 8 – 10 ([http://ets.educ.ubc.ca/curriculum-development-and-support/special-projects/mental-health-course/](http://ets.educ.ubc.ca/curriculum-development-and-support/special-projects/mental-health-course/)). With this course, educators learn how to apply this classroom-ready, web based, modular mental health curriculum resource as well as upgrade their own mental health literacy. Further resource support is available through the following link: [http://teenmentalhealth.org/toolbox/](http://teenmentalhealth.org/toolbox/).
Appendix 2:
Stakeholder Engagement
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Area of Responsibility</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>CITY OF RICHMOND</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elizabeth Ayers</td>
<td>Director, Recreation Services, City of Richmond</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Donna Chan</td>
<td>Manager, Transportation Planning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Woolgar</td>
<td>Manager, Aquatic and Arena Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Katie Varney</td>
<td>Manager, Community Cultural Development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Howell (retired June 2017)</td>
<td>Deputy Fire Chief</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lesley Sherlock</td>
<td>Social Planner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marie Fenwick</td>
<td>Manager, Parks Programs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serena Lusk</td>
<td>General Manager, Community Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ted Townsend</td>
<td>Director, Corporate Communications and Marketing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tina Atva</td>
<td>Senior Planning Coordinator, Policy Planning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>VANCOUVER COASTAL HEALTH – RICHMOND</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diane Bissenden</td>
<td>Director, Population &amp; Family Health, Richmond; Program Director, Regional Public Health Program - Vancouver Coastal Health – Richmond</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chris Salgado</td>
<td>Manager, Community &amp; Family Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Claudia Kurzac</td>
<td>Manager, Health Protection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juan Solorzano</td>
<td>Executive Director Population Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lianne Carley</td>
<td>Population Health Policy Analyst</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dr. Meena Dawar</td>
<td>Medical Health Officer, Vancouver Coastal Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monica Needham</td>
<td>Program Manager, Community and Ambulatory Services, Continuing Health Services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RICHMOND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marie Ratcliffe</td>
<td>District Administrator - Learning Services Richmond School District No. 38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wendy Lim</td>
<td>Assistant Superintendent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anne Gillrie-Carre</td>
<td>District Administrator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richard Steward</td>
<td>District Administrator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ornella Svalestuen</td>
<td>Curriculum Co-ordinator/Consultant for mental health and social-emotional learning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Constance Easton</td>
<td>Curriculum Co-ordinator/Consultant for mental health and social-emotional learning</td>
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<tr>
<td>Zena Simces</td>
<td>Consultant Team</td>
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<td>Sue Ross</td>
<td>Consultant Team</td>
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<tr>
<td>Karen Strange</td>
<td>Consultant Team</td>
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<tr>
<td>Suzanna Kaptur</td>
<td>Research Planner 2, Community Services, City of Richmond</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lisa Fedoruk</td>
<td>Accessibility Coordinator, Community Services, City of Richmond</td>
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### VANCOUVER COASTAL HEALTH – RICHMOND STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Areas of Responsibility – Fields of Expertise</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Director, Population &amp; Family Health, Richmond;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program Director, Regional Public Health Program</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manager, Community &amp; Family Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Team Lead, Interdisciplinary Practice, Continuing Health Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manager, Community Mental Health &amp; Substance Use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aboriginal Health Lead</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program Leader Healthy Adults &amp; Families</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Health Clinical Resource Nurse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental Health Officer</td>
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<tr>
<td>Regional Healthy Built Environment Environmental Health Officer</td>
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<tr>
<td>Regional Healthy Built Environment Environmental Health Officer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regional Manager, Public Health Perinatal and Early Childhood Development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richmond Senior Environmental Health Officer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manager, Community Investments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical Health Officer, Vancouver Coastal Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program Leader Speech &amp; Language Program</td>
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<tr>
<td>Program Leader Healthy Babies &amp; Early Childhood Development</td>
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<tr>
<td>Epidemiologist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program Leader Audiology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manager, Health Protection</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mental Health &amp; Substance Use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clinical Coordinator Community Health Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VCH Medical Health Officer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leader School Aged &amp; Adult Prevention</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manager, Community and Ambulatory Services, Continuing Health Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clinical Coordinator Home Care Nursing</td>
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<tr>
<td>Regional Healthy Built Environment Environmental Health Officer</td>
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<tr>
<td>Public Health Dietitian</td>
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<tr>
<td>Richmond Area Medical Association Committee</td>
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<tr>
<td>Richmond Division of Family Practice</td>
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<tr>
<td>Members of the Advisory Committee</td>
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### RICHMOND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 38 STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Areas of Responsibility – Fields of Expertise</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>District Administrator - Learning Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary and Area Counsellors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curriculum Co-ordinator, Counselor/Consultant for mental health and social-emotional learning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student – Health Summit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richmond Schools Athletic Association</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District Administrators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elementary Principal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retired Principal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adolescent Support Team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Royal Canadian Mounted Police – Richmond</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richmond Mental Health and Substance Use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assistant Superintendent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director of Facilities Planning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richmond District Parent Advisory Council (PAC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary PE Teachers/SEL Coordinator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richmond Secondary Schools Athletic Association</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richmond Foodbank</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Members of the Advisory Committee</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## CITY OF RICHMOND STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT – STAFF

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City of Richmond Department</th>
<th>Area of Responsibility – Field of Expertise</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Administration and Compliance</td>
<td>Manager, Corporate Performance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Real Estate Services</td>
<td>Senior Manager, Real Estate Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Planning and Projects</td>
<td>Manager, Community Services Planning and Projects / Coordinator, Special Projects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parks Services</td>
<td>Manager, Parks Programs / Area Coordinator, Parks / Area Coordinator, Richmond Nature Park / Park Planner / Britannia Site Supervisor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recreation and Sport Services - Aquatics and Arenas</td>
<td>Manager, Aquatic and Arena Services / Aquatics Supervisor / Community Facilities Coordinator - Arenas / Manager, Sport and Community Events / Volunteer Development Coordinator / Coordinator, Fitness and Wellness Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recreation and Sport Services - Community Recreation</td>
<td>Manager, Community Recreation Services / Area Coordinators / Recreation Leaders / Community Facilities Coordinator - Community Recreation / Fitness Coordinator - South Arm / Youth Coordinator - Steveston / Seniors Coordinator - City Centre / Community Development Coordinator - West Richmond / School Aged Child Care Preschool</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arts, Culture and Heritage Services</td>
<td>Manager, Community Cultural Development / Arts Coordinator / Arts Programmer / Manager, Major Events and Film Supervisor, Museum &amp; Heritage Services / Media Arts Specialist / Public Art Planner / Manager, Art Services / Director, Richmond Art Gallery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community Social Development</td>
<td>Social Planner, Community Social Development / Coordinator, Seniors Services / Seniors Wellness Coordinator / Coordinator, Diversity Services / Affordable Housing Coordinator / Childcare Coordinator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sustainability and District Energy</td>
<td>Senior Manager, Sustainability and District Energy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engineering Planning</td>
<td>Manager, Engineering Planning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Policy Planning</td>
<td>Manager, Policy Planning Department / Senior Planning Coordinator / Planner-Analyst</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Development Applications</td>
<td>Director, Development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sustainability and District Energy</td>
<td>Senior Manager, Sustainability and District Energy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Policy Planning</td>
<td>Manager, Policy Planning Department / Senior Planning Coordinator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transportation</td>
<td>Manager, Transportation Planning / Transportation Planner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richmond Fire-Rescue</td>
<td>Deputy Fire Chief / Community Relations Officer / Chief Fire Prevention Officer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bylaws</td>
<td>Manager, Community Bylaws</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Programs</td>
<td>Manager, Emergency Programs Coordinator / Emergency Programs Coordinator, ESS and Volunteer Mgmt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corporate Communications and Marketing</td>
<td>Director, Corporate Communications and Marketing / Communications Officer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human Resources</td>
<td>Health, Safety and Wellness Coordinator / Project Leader</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recreation and Sport Services - Sport</td>
<td>Program Manager, Community Sport Services / Director, Sport Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Library Administration</td>
<td>Deputy Chief Librarian</td>
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CITY OF RICHMOND STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT - ALLIED ORGANIZATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>City Centre Community Association</th>
<th>West Richmond Community Association</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hamilton Community Association</td>
<td>Sea Island Community Association</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minoru Seniors Society</td>
<td>Steveston Community Society</td>
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<tr>
<td>Richmond Aquatic Services Board</td>
<td>Richmond Art Gallery Association</td>
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<td>Richmond Fitness &amp; Wellness Association</td>
<td>Richmond Museum Society</td>
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<td>South Arm Community Association</td>
<td>Richmond Nature Park Society</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thompson Community Association</td>
<td>Steveston Historical Society</td>
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<tr>
<td>East Richmond Community Association</td>
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CITY OF RICHMOND STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT - COMMUNITY ORGANIZATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community Association Participant Engagement</th>
<th>Richmond Sports Council</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Richmond Food Security Society</td>
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<tr>
<td>Turning Point Recovery Society</td>
<td>United Way of the Lower Mainland</td>
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<tr>
<td>Touchstone Family Association</td>
<td>Richmond Society for Community Living</td>
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<tr>
<td>HUB Cycling</td>
<td>The Sharing Farm Society</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Developmental Disabilities Association</td>
<td>Richmond Poverty Response Committee</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S.U.C.C.E.S.S.</td>
<td>ParkRun</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richmond Children First</td>
<td>Richmond Youth Service Agency</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richmond Addiction Services</td>
<td>Richmond Minor Football League (Raiders)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richmond Lawn Bowling Club</td>
<td>Japanese Canadian Cultural Centre Advisory</td>
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<td>Richmond Family Place</td>
<td>UBC Boathouse</td>
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<th>Advisory Committee Engagement</th>
<th>Richmond Seniors Advisory Committee</th>
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<tr>
<td>Richmond Active Transportation Committee</td>
<td>Richmond Intercultural Advisory Committee</td>
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<td>Richmond Community Services Society Committee</td>
<td>Richmond Centre for Disability</td>
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<td>Advisory Design Panel</td>
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<tr>
<td>Richmond Child Care Advisory Committee</td>
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</table>
Appendix 3: Richmond Community Profile Data Sources

2. The United Way Community Profile – Richmond – December 2015
7. BC Stats (2015) Socioeconomic Profiles
8. Statistics Canada (2015) CCHS Canadian Community Health Survey
10. My Health My Community, Vancouver Coastal Health - Richmond (2013/14)
The community engagement process started in January 2017. Over 1000 stakeholders participated in the engagement process.
WHO WE HEARD FROM

I. Internal Stakeholders

Strategic Advisory Committee:
Comprised of representatives from the three partners – City of Richmond, VCH-Richmond and School District No. 38 - with various areas of responsibilities and fields of expertise.

Partner Organizations Representatives:
City of Richmond - A total of 75 staff participated including representatives from all departments in the Division of Community Services and other City personnel from Planning and Development, Corporate Communications and Marketing, the Chief Administrative Office, Law and Community Safety, and the Richmond Olympic Oval.

Vancouver Coastal Health - Richmond - 49 staff participated representing Public and Population Health, senior leadership including the Medical Health Officer, Head of Family Practice, Senior Medical Director, Environmental Health, Mental Health and Substance Use, Community and Ambulatory Services, and Home Care Nursing. In addition, 29 public and population health staff responded to an on-line survey.

School District No. 38 included 17 participants representing teachers, principals, counselors and administrators. In addition, the school district included a number of their key stakeholders in the session e.g., representatives from the RCMP, Mental Health and Substance Use Services, Richmond Food Bank, Richmond Secondary Sport Athletic Association, and the district Parent Advisory Council (PAC).

II. External Stakeholders

Community Groups:
Fifty organizations were invited to participate. Representatives from 37 groups attended the consultation sessions including Community Associations, Community Service Organizations and Sports Organizations.

Richmond Advisory Committees:
Representatives from 5 of the 8 invited City of Richmond Advisory Committees attended a special consultation session.

III. Public Consultation

A variety of opportunities were selected to seek the views of Richmond residents:

- 80 families were interviewed during Family Day, January 2017
- 246 students in two elementary schools (grades 5 and 6) and two secondary schools (grades 9 -11) covering 10 classrooms participated in discussions about wellness for themselves, their families and their neighbourhoods
- 81 parents from the School District No. 38 Parent Advisory Committee responded to an on-line survey
- 240 residents participated in open houses
- 134 residents responded to a survey on Let’s Talk Richmond
Open Houses

Drop-in style open houses were held in four of the Richmond Public Library branches. This was an open invitation to any interested resident. Afternoon, evening and weekend sessions were publicized widely to engage as many residents as possible. Posters were available in Chinese and volunteers who spoke Mandarin and Cantonese supported the consultation process. The gender and age breakdown of participants is illustrated below.

**Gender**
- 32% Male
- 68% Female

**Age**
- 16% under 18yrs
- 18% 65yrs
- 66% 18-64yrs
Let’s Talk Richmond

City of Richmond has an established website that enables residents to obtain information on City initiatives and to provide feedback. Information relating the Community Wellness Strategy and a survey was made available over a two week period in May 2017 to further engage residents.

Demographic information provided by survey respondents is illustrated below.
PROCESS AND KEY FINDINGS

Internal consultations

The Strategic Advisory Committee was engaged through a series of meetings to initially brainstorm and then fine tune (based on community engagement feedback) the definition of wellness and the vision, guiding principles and key priority areas for the Richmond Community Wellness Strategy.

Internal stakeholders from each partner organization were engaged to gain insights through their unique experiences and diverse perspectives.

- Workshops were conducted with City of Richmond staff from across the organization and sessions were also held with Community Services partner associations/societies.
- Vancouver Coastal Health – Richmond senior leadership and public and population health staff were consulted. Front-line health staff participated through an on-line survey.
- A session was held with representatives from School District No. 38 that included representation from teachers, principals, counselors and administrators. In addition, the District invited their key stakeholders to the session, e.g., RCMP, Mental Health and Substance Use, Richmond Food Bank, Richmond Secondary Sport Athletic Association, and district Parent Advisory Council (PAC).

Key themes identified:

- Health and Lifestyle – physical activity, healthy eating and mental wellness
- Built and Natural Environment – healthy neighbourhood design and transportation networks
- Access to Programs and Services – affordability, availability, capacity and language
- Economic Wellness – affordable housing, adequate income and food security
- Connectedness/Inclusion – social and cultural connectedness
- Intercultural Harmony – culturally sensitive environments
- Awareness and Education – enhanced understanding and benefits of wellness

External consultations

External stakeholder workshops were conducted with invitations to over 50 community groups and organizations that work with one or more of the three partners. In addition, eight City of Richmond Advisory Committees were invited to attend a workshop to share their expertise and insights on wellness for Richmond residents. An opportunity was also provided to all of these organizations to respond to an on-line survey.
An extensive public consultation process was undertaken with close to 781 respondents and included the following:

- Interviews with families – parents and children at Richmond Family Day events (80 families)
- On-line survey to parents through the Richmond School District 38 Parent Advisory Council (81 responses)
- Drop-in style open houses in four of the Richmond Public Library branches (240 people interviewed)
- Student discussions in two elementary and two secondary schools covering 10 classrooms (246 students participated)
- An on-line survey to the public via Let’s Talk Richmond, which was advertised in community centres, City Hall, on social media and through community newspapers and received a total of 134 responses.

**Specific Questions Asked**

Internal and external stakeholders were engaged to gain their perspective on:

- What does community wellness mean to you?
- What is working well in Richmond?
- What are the priority areas for the Community Wellness Strategy?
- What is your vision for the Community Wellness Strategy?

Public engagement focused on understanding:

- What are the important aspects of wellness to you?
- What do you do to stay healthy, active and involved?
- What does community and neighbourhood support and connectedness look like?
- What would help increase wellbeing?

**Summary of Feedback**

**WHAT IS WORKING WELL IN RICHMOND**

The wide range of stakeholders that were consulted spoke highly of their city. The following is an example of the feedback that was provided:

“Richmond is doing a phenomenal job - great amenities, facilities, parks, dyke, trails and many programs and events.”

Respondents identified a wide range of activities for health and wellness that Richmond offers that include recreation, sports, arts, culture, physical and social activities, health services and education. Respondents also had a very positive view of the Richmond Public Library, viewing it as a key connector and a source of information and education.

Respondents indicated a desire to do more volunteering, the need to be more physically active, to eat healthier and to get more connected to their neighbourhood.
KEY PRIORITIES TO ENHANCE WELLNESS IDENTIFIED BY STAKEHOLDERS

A. Internal and External Stakeholders

Staff of the three partners and external community groups and organizations that participated in the consultation workshops identified key priority areas that they felt are important to enhancing wellness in Richmond.

Health and Lifestyle
Importance was placed on increased opportunities to enhance physical activity, healthy eating and mental wellness.

Access to Programs and Services
The priority is to ensure that programs and services are available, affordable, and offered in a language that residents can understand. The focus should be on equity of access and providing quality programs for marginalized groups and removing barriers to participation.

Connectedness
Stakeholders identified the importance of social and cultural connectedness.

Sense of Neighbourhood
Enhancing neighbourhood connectedness is seen as contributing to wellness.

Awareness and Education
Enhanced understanding and benefits of wellness is important and will help lead to behaviour change.

Intercultural Harmony
Ensuring culturally sensitive of programs, services and environments and enhancing cultural harmony is seen as critical to enhancing wellness.

Places and Spaces
A focus on the built and natural environment and developing safe and healthy indoor and outdoor places, outdoor spaces for gathering and connecting are seen as critical supports to wellness.

Economic Factors
It is recognized that wellness is impacted by economic factors such as the need for adequate income, food security and affordable housing.

Two additional priorities identified by staff of the partners

Partnerships
Developing partnerships with a wide range of community groups and, in particular, the business sector will help implement desired programs and services.

Focus on policy
There is a need to incorporate a wellness lens into all policy, planning and program design (e.g., including planning for the built environment).
B. The Public Consultation

**Summary of Consultation with a sampling of Students in Richmond Schools**

- **What wellness means to you:**
  - As an individual, it means being active, healthy, connected/included, positive mindset and having money and a good job
  - As a family, it means sharing and caring, good communication and doing things together as a family
  - As a community, it means a having a clean environment, green space, feeling safe, volunteering, affordable housing and transportation, and sharing and caring

- **What supports are needed to stay well:**
  - Organized activities and events close to home
  - Open places and spaces to gather and play
  - Low/no cost and drop-in activities as well as less costly transportation
  - Information and education on the benefits of wellness and the opportunities available to enhance wellness

- **What supports are needed to help feel connected to their neighbourhood:**
  - Fun activities and food
  - Incentives to participate and connect with others
  - Outdoor space to gather, better sidewalks, age friendly playgrounds and parks, good equipment
Summary of Feedback from Family Day, Public Open Houses and Survey of School District 38 Parent Advisory Committee Member

- What wellness means to Richmond residents:
  - Balance of physical, mental and spiritual wellness
  - Harmony, bonding, good relationships, spending time together
  - Accepting of everyone, openness, supportive, caring, inclusion, belonging, feeling safe, healthy environment, gathering places, opportunities to volunteer
  - Economic and financial stability

- What supports are needed to improve wellness:
  - Program opportunities – greater choice for adults, after school options for children and more flexible scheduling of activities, unstructured and drop-in options
  - Services – to meet the needs of special needs populations, e.g., mental health, people with disabilities, seniors and isolated or hard to reach groups
  - Access – having programs and amenities closer to home that are affordable, low cost or free
  - Built and natural environment - supportive, safe and healthy environments including better sidewalks, easier transportation and natural spaces to gather and play
  - Information and Education – about what wellness means and benefits. Information on wellness to be communicated through multiple diverse methods including through schools, community events, library, workshops and social media
  - Opportunities for volunteering

- What supports are needed to help feel connected to their neighbourhood:
  Many respondents indicated that they did not know their neighbours. Many neighbourhoods are in flux with people moving in and out, renters, empty houses, and a sense of transiency. Culture and language differences make connections difficult even with people living in town house complexes, apartments or condos. “Richmond is a city of contrasts, different areas look and feel very different.”

Suggestions provided to connect to their neighbourhood include:
  - Ongoing activities at a neighbourhood level and not “one-offs”
  - Neighbourhood organizers and facilitators to support neighbourhood capacity-building
  - Focus on strategies to bring diverse cultural groups together to TALK and get to know each other - “building relationship will help lead to solutions”
  - Offering a wide range of options that are fun and match neighbourhood interests
  - Focus on food and children as connectors
  - More green spaces
  - More places to gather
Acknowledgments

The process of creating an updated Community Wellness Strategy 2018-2023 for the City of Richmond, one that actively contributes to the health and well-being of all residents has depended on the enthusiasm, involvement and thoughtfulness of many stakeholders and members of the community who participated in workshops, interviews, open houses and volunteer activities. We are very grateful to those who have participated. We would like to acknowledge the special contribution of the Community Wellness Strategy Advisory Committee and Partner Leads who listened to stakeholders and wove together a Strategy for success that builds on the strengths of each of the Partner organizations – the City of Richmond, School District No. 38 and Vancouver Coastal Health-Richmond:

Richmond City Council
Malcolm Brodie, Mayor
Chak Au, Councillor
Derek Dang, Councillor
Carol Day, Councillor
Ken Johnston, Councillor
Alexa Loo, Councillor
Bill McNulty, Councillor
Linda McPhail, Councillor
Harold Steves, Councillor

Richmond School District No. 38
Trustees
Ken Hamaguchi, Trustee
Jonathan Ho, Trustee
Sandra Nixon, Trustee
Donna Sargent, Trustee
Debbie Tablotney, Trustee
Alice Wong, Trustee
Eric Yung, Trustee

Project Partner Leads
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Diane Bissenden
Partner Lead, Director, Population and Family Health, Richmond (Retired)
Chris Salgado
Partner Lead, Manager, Community and Family Health, Vancouver Coastal Health-Richmond
Marie Ratcliffe
Partner Lead, District Administrator - Learning Services, Richmond School District No. 38

City of Richmond
Serena Lusk
General Manager, Community Services
Suzanna Kaptur
Research Planner 2, Community Services
Lisa Fedoruk
Accessibility Coordinator, Community Services
John Woolgar
Manager, Aquatic and Arena Services
Tina Atva
Senior Planning Coordinator, Policy Planning
Donna Chan
Manager, Transportation Planning
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Social Planner, Community Social Development
Marie Fenwick
Manager, Parks Programs
Katie Varney
Manager, Community Cultural Development
Kim Howell
Deputy Fire Chief (Retired)
Ted Townsend
Director, Corporate Communications and Marketing

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Jennifer MacKenzie
Chief Operating Officer, VCH - Richmond
Monica Needham
Program Manager, Community and Ambulatory Services, Continuing Health Services
Dr. Meena Dawar
Medical Health Officer, VCH - Richmond
Juan Solorzano
Executive Director Population Health
Lianne Carley
Population Health Policy Analyst
Claudia Kurzac
Manager, Health Protection

School District No. 38
Wendy Lim
Assistant Superintendent
Anne Gillrie-Carre
District Administrator
Richard Steward
District Administrator
Omella Svalastuen
Curriculum Co-ordinator, Consultant, mental health and social-emotional learning
Constance Easton
Curriculum Co-ordinator, Consultant, mental health and social-emotional learning

Project Consultant
Zena Simoes & Associates Consultant
Team:
Zena Simcoes
Sue Ross
Karen Strange